

COUNCIL CLOSING WHITE HOUSE BAR

Renewal of License Refused on Recommendation of Police Chief.

LIVELY DEBATE ENSUES

MULVEY ACCUSES SHEETS OF BAD FAITH.

Acting upon the recommendation of the chief of police, the city council refused last night to grant a renewal of the liquor license of Wineman & Metcalf, proprietors of the White House bar, at 28 South Main street, on the ground that the proprietors had been arrested on a charge of violating the Sunday closing ordinance, and that their case still pending in the city court, a continuance of the case having been ordered until Jan. 3, 1907.

The adoption of the motion to concur in the recommendation precipitated a warm debate in which it was charged that the chief of police was not expressing his own mind in the Sunday closing ordinance, and that he was not following his own convictions in recommending that the license of the firm mentioned be not renewed. It was suggested that there is a motive behind the action of the chief in the matter.

Councilman Mulvey demanded that the members of the firm be given a chance to be heard before the council committee on license before they are legislated out of business. He declared emphatically that it is not justifiable to refuse a renewal of the license when the case is still pending in the courts. He recommended that the license be granted pending the settlement of the case, and that if convicted they be refused permission to reopen the business.

Chief's Power Absolute.

Councilman Hodday expressed the opinion that the council can do nothing in the matter, as the chief of police has absolute power under the ordinance to grant or refuse to grant licenses. He contended that the chief's power is final and that even if the council should order a renewal of the license the chief could revoke that order. Councilman Hodday was of the opinion that the council should not be permitted to state their side of the case.

If the chief of police should close all saloons that are open on Sunday, said Councilman Foley, "There would be none left open in this town. There would not be a license on the street."

Council President Davis said that under the ordinance, conviction of the offense of keeping saloons open on Sunday in violation of the closing ordinance, carried with it a penalty that the license is revoked, that a new license cannot be granted to the licensee, and that no other person can secure a license to carry on that business in the same location for a similar period.

Mulvey Breaks Out.

Councilman Mulvey had been restless from the time the debate began. Finally he was recognized. "I do not believe that the chief acts in good faith," he said. "It is an easy matter for the chief to reject licenses on these grounds. If all were rejected there would be but few saloons left. It is easy for the chief to say to those men that they cannot have a license, and if the chief can say that there is any other reason for refusing to grant that license I would wish to sustain him. I have been in the saloon business myself for fifteen years and have had my saloon open on Sundays. I have been arrested and have been fined and my license was not revoked. I was not the only one. None of them ever had their licenses revoked."

"If the chief can show me that he is sincere, I am with him. I can't understand why he should pick out one man or one firm and make such an example of them. The chief should not take such extreme measures as this. He ought to give them a chance. If they run a disorderly place I would not recommend that his suggestion be concurred in. The law appears to say that he has the power, but I think there is someone behind the chief in his action to reject this license. I do not believe that it is his wish entirely."

Defends the Chief.

Councilman Martin said that he was of the opinion that the action of the chief was all right and just. He said that the chief had given fair warning, and that the warning had been disregarded.

Councilman Preece then made a startling admission. "Any one can go to a dozen of them and get a drink on Sunday. Don't I know? Haven't I been in them to find out?"

The motion to concur in the recommendation of the chief was carried. Those who voted against it were Councilmen Hodday, Mulvey and Preece.

Councilman Wells introduced the following resolution, instructing the mayor and the chief of police to rigidly enforce the Sunday closing law:

Resolved, That the mayor and the chief of police be instructed to enforce the law with reference to the closing of saloons on Sunday, and that their attention be called to the discussion on this subject by members of the council, in which it was disclosed that the violation of said ordinance is general."

After the Clubs.

Councilman Mulvey said that he looked upon the resolution as a good joke, but that he would vote for it. The resolution was adopted.

After the council meeting had adjourned, Councilman Wells said that on next Monday night he would go after the clubs of the city and secure if possible the passage of an ordinance compelling all clubs to desist from the sale of liquor on Sunday. Councilman Black said that he would support him in this if the resolution is presented.

COUNCIL ORDERS WAGONS PAINTED

Street Supervisor Entrusted With Task After Weeks of Debate.

A HOLDUP, INSISTS BLACK

TROLLEY COMPANY ASKS FOR EXTENSION OF TIME.

The vexatious problem of painting the fifty street sprinkling wagons owned by the city has at last been solved by the city council. It has been decided after weeks of acrimonious debate and badinage in council and committee that the supervisor of streets is competent to boss the job, and that \$23 each, or a total of \$1,150, is a large enough price to pay for the work. The task will be begun at once.

Councilman Black presented a motion that the board of public works be authorized and instructed to advertise for bids as per specifications to be prepared by that body for the painting of the wagons. He said that \$23 was too much to pay for the work.

Martin is Disgusted.

Councilman Martin said he was disgusted with the tactics of the council and that he did not care whether the wagons were painted or not. He made a motion that all the papers be filed and that the wagons be not painted. Council President Davis held that the motion was out of order, and a vote was called for on Black's motion to refer the matter to the board of public works, with instruction for that body to prepare specifications and advertise for bids. The substitute was lost.

The motion to adopt the report of the council committee on sprinkling, to have the work done by the street supervisor, brought out more warm talk. Councilman Black called the deal a hold-up job. "I would be glad to take the job at \$5 per wagon," he said. "With all of the most incompetent painters in the employ of the street department, dabbling on all the paint the wagons could hold, there couldn't be more than \$7 worth of paint money at the end of the job. They could make money at that figure."

Resolution is Carried.

"If I felt toward the street supervisor as some of the members of the council have expressed themselves as feeling toward him," said Councilman Wells, "I would be glad to take the job at \$5 per wagon. If I could not have confidence in the integrity of a city employee, I would not give him a job of this kind. He is not intelligent enough to do the work, and he is not a piece of work, this or any other work that falls to him—fire him."

The resolution to have the work done by the street department was carried by the following vote: Yes—Barnes, Campbell, Hodday, Martin, Mulvey, O'Donnell, Tuddenham and Wells. No—Black, Crabtree, Hodday, Preece and Davis.

The Utah Light & Railway company asked for an extension of two years for the completion of the extension of the line in the business district, underground, agreeing to place double the quantity of work required under the expiration of that time. The matter will be threshed out in committee.

Offers to Cut Rates.

Prisoners in the city jail are now being fed at the rate of 12½ cents per meal. Mary Berro wants to feed them for 9½ cents per meal, and the council committee on police and prison will see if the prisoners can stand it.

E. B. Chester filed a claim for damages in the sum of \$5,000 for personal injuries. He says he fell on an icy sidewalk Nov. 20 and broke his leg. The committee on claims and compensation will deal with the matter.

A resolution introduced by Councilman Black, authorizing the city engineer to require labor to specify the character of work to be done, was adopted on recommendation of a committee.

Frank Raleigh's plan to have the city considerable money on the disposition of garbage and the cleaning of the city was filed for a time and will be taken up later.

Councilman Black slipped through an amendment to the minutes of the last session of the council, referring to J. J. Moran claim for a bonus of \$150 to the council finance committee. This committee will order the city to pay the bonus or will refer the matter back to the board of public works.

The council appropriated \$50 for the purpose of cleaning out the ditches in the Fourth precinct.

Taxes on School Property.

The board of education protested against the levying of taxes on the property of the board. Councilman Martin presented a motion that the board be instructed to pay the taxes on the property of the board.

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WILL BANQUET TONIGHT

Commercial Club's Annual Spread to Be a Big Affair.

The fifth annual banquet of the Commercial club will be held at the club room this evening.

From all indications the affair will be the most pretentious and significant event of the kind the Commercial club has ever given.

It is expected that between 200 and 300 guests will sit down to the banquet table at 6:30 o'clock. Joseph E. Caine will be toastmaster and the following will respond to toasts:

Former Governor Heber M. Wells, "The Future of Salt Lake," Judge C. C. Gordon, "Nevada, the Old and New," Hon. Frank B. Stevens, "Galveston Idea of Municipal Government," James H. Moyle, "The Railroad Future of Salt Lake," Hon. Fisher Harris, "The Commercial Club."

The spirit of the banquet and the keynote of the toasts will be a "Greater Salt Lake."

REDUCED RATES

For Christmas Holidays, Via Oregon Short Line. Tickets on sale Dec. 20, 21, 22, 24, 25 and 31, and Jan. 1, 1907, final limit Jan. 7, 1907. See agents for further particulars.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, 201 Main St.

Salt Lake Photo Supply Co., Kodak, Finishing, Framing, Main & 3d So. Sta.

HOW TO SOLVE SMOKE PROBLEM

Arbitration Between Smelters and Farmers Only Way, Says Famous Expert.

METALLURGISTS' MEETING

PROF. TRAPHAGEN OUTLINES SITUATION IN MONTANA.

"There is no solution for the smelter smoke problem other than arbitration between the farmer and the smelter operator. The smoke and sulphur fumes will do a certain amount of damage to soil, crops and livestock, but not as much as is generally claimed by farmers. The smelter operator must admit this damage, the farmer must estimate his losses conservatively and the two factions settle their differences in the best possible manner."

This, in brief, is the conclusion of F. W. Traphagen, professor of metallurgy in the Colorado school of mines and metallurgy, one of the best experts in this country on the effects of smelter smoke, after years of experiment and research.

The results of Professor Traphagen's work on the smelter smoke question were set forth in detail last night at the opening business session of the annual convention of the Western Association of Technical Chemists and Metallurgists, held at the metallurgical laboratory of the university here. Professor Traphagen was unable to be present at the meeting and his paper was read.

Experimented on Farm.

For the past few years the Anaconda Copper Mining company of Anaconda, Mont., has retained Professor Traphagen as an expert on smelter smoke effects, and under his direction an experimental farm was started near Anaconda, under the very stacks of the mining company's largest smelter.

From experiments conducted on this farm it was found that the smelter smoke did not injure the Montana alkali soil, and that the experimental farm, which was started near Anaconda, under the very stacks of the mining company's largest smelter.

Professor Traphagen stated in his paper that the climatic and soil conditions peculiar to Montana were to a large degree responsible for the excellent results obtained from the experimental farm, and that in the rich agricultural sections of Utah and California the smelter smoke would unquestionably injure to a certain extent the crops and soil.

He declared that the effects of the smoke could never be entirely obliterated, and that there is no practical solution of the question, other than a conservative settlement between farmer and smelter owner.

Salt Lake Interested.

In view of the struggle now going on in the Salt Lake valley between the smelter companies located there and the farmers who have banded together to secure an abatement of the smelter smoke damage, Professor Traphagen's paper has a special interest locally.

His statement that there is no possible means of entirely preventing smelter smoke from harming crops and soil is a most important declaration in view of the prominence held by Professor Traphagen as an expert on the subject.

The present convention of the association will last until Saturday evening. A. A. Swart, who was elected president of the association several weeks ago, by postal ballot, will assume his new duties, succeeding Professor Traphagen as president, during the present convention. The meetings of the convention are open to the public. Today's program and that of Saturday follow:

Friday, 9 a. m., visit to smelting plants of the American Smelting and Refining company and the United States Smelting, Refining & Mining company; 3 p. m., "Cyanide Process," by J. H. Leonard; "On Technical Volumetric Methods in General," by H. G. Gottschalk; discussion on the determination of insoluble silicious residues, by H. C. Parmelee.

Saturday, 9 a. m., visit to plant of Western Ore Separating company; 2 p. m., trip to Saltair beach, followed by visit to laboratory of General Engineering works; 8 p. m., banquet, Salt Lake Commercial club.

Two more boards accept.

Granite and Jordan Districts to Be Represented at Ogden.

The school boards of the Granite and Jordan school districts in Salt Lake county have accepted the invitation of the citizens of Ogden to send a delegation to the fourth foreign line to enter the Utah field. He represented this line until 1897, when he accepted the assistant general freight position at Ogden.

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WARRANTS OUT FOR H. J. GRANT

Apostle to Be Prosecuted on Old Charge as Soon as Found.

ORDER FOR ARREST ISSUED

BROTHER SAYS MAN WANTED IS NOT HERE.

A warrant was issued yesterday afternoon for the arrest of Apostle Heber J. Grant on a charge of unlawful cohabitation, preferred by Charles Mostyn Owen on Nov. 10, 1903. The warrant will probably be turned over to Sheriff C. Frank Emery for service today.

On being informed that the missing apostle had returned to Salt Lake City, County Attorney Parley P. Christensen went through the county files and unearthed the old complaint against Grant, and reissued a warrant for his arrest. He said that he would notify the office of Heber J. Grant to have the apostle call at the county attorney's office.

In case he failed to heed the request the county attorney said he would give the warrant to the sheriff for service. Sheriff Emery said last night that as soon as he received the warrant from the county attorney he would see that it was served.

R. F. Grant, a brother of Heber J. Grant, said last night that he does not know where his brother is at the present time, but is positive that he is not in Salt Lake.

LOCAL BRIEFS

DEATH OF LUNG TROUBLE.—David B. Stewart, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Stewart, formerly of Salt Lake City, succumbed to lung trouble at the New York hospital.

BURLESQUE MEDAL CONTEST.—The Ladies' society of Phillips Congregational church will give a burlesque silver medal contest this evening in the church parlors, following a musical program and refreshments.

JOSIAH READ SUCCEDES.—Josiah Read, 81 years old, died yesterday morning following a long illness. He was a native of New England and had lived in Salt Lake for many years.

CONTRACT IS RENEWED.—Morton Christopherson, who for a number of years has had the contract for the care and beautification of the county side of the city and county building, had his contract renewed for two years by the board of county commissioners yesterday.

NELSON IS GRATEFUL.—Adrian Nelson of the Salvation Army is grateful to those who contributed to the Christmas donations. A handsome remittance in cash enabled him to purchase many pairs of shoes. About 300 children were supplied with clothing and toys and a number of shoes will take place this afternoon.

J. D. KENWORTHY PROMOTED.—Appointed Assistant General Freight and Passenger Agent at Pueblo, Colo.

J. D. Kenworthy, assistant general freight and passenger agent of the Denver & Rio Grande at Pueblo.

This is the way Mr. Kenworthy will sign his name after the first of the year. Until Tuesday he will still be "Ken," general agent of the Rio Grande's freight department in Salt Lake. Briefly one of the best traffic men in the employ of the Rio Grande has been promoted to an important position after years of service.

Mr. Kenworthy's appointment is effective Jan. 1, 1907. He will assume his new duties on Monday, Jan. 1, 1907. He will represent the Rio Grande in the city. He will work under Traffic Manager A. S. Hughes.

Mr. Kenworthy is one of the best known and most popular railroad men in Salt Lake. He came to Salt Lake in 1888 and has since that time been connected with the Rio Grande. He represented this line until 1897, when he accepted the assistant general freight position at Ogden.

Mr. Kenworthy spent the day receiving friends and co-workers who dropped in to congratulate him and say, "Now, I told you so."

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BADE ABANDONED S. L. DEPOT

Couple Detained in Ogden Awaiting Advices from Salt Lake Police.

ORDER FOR ARREST ISSUED

BROTHER SAYS MAN WANTED IS NOT HERE.

"Here take this baby a minute, I have got to go and the parents will be right along to take care of it," exclaimed one excited man to another at the Short Line depot last night at 11:45, when the train was pulling out for the north. The astonished man thus addressed was forced to take the baby and the man who gave it to him fled in the crowd.

The man with the baby waited a moment and then became uneasy. Officer Riley happened along about that time and the man tossed the baby into the officer's arms, exclaiming, "That fellow who just got on the train told me to hold this baby and then skipped. I must hurry and get on or I will be left." With this the man boarded the rear platform and Officer Riley was left with the baby in his arms. Word was telegraphed to Ogden to hear off the offender.

George P. Tinges, a mail clerk residing at 654 West Second South street came along and offered to take the baby home with him to his wife, who, he said, would take care of it until claimed. Officer Riley telephoned headquarters and asked what should be done. He was advised that he had better let the mail clerk take the child home and that he should be developed. Tinges therefore took charge of the infant.

Early this morning advices were received from Ogden that a couple had been detained in Ogden awaiting instructions from the chief of police of Salt Lake. They gave the names of J. Barnes and Amelia Berg. They told conflicting stories.

NEW BLUE BOOK APPEARS

The R. L. Polk Company Issues a Handsome Volume.

The second edition of the Blue Book for Salt Lake appeared yesterday.

The issue is for 19